

Workshop 3 Version. Date: 7 May 2024 Last updated: 26/04/2023

# Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw <del>2015</del>2024

Waikato District Council, in exercise of its powers under the Local Government Act 2002<u>and Health</u> <u>Act 1956</u> and its respective amendments, and all other relevant powers, hereby makes the following bylaw.

### Part one: Introduction

### 1.0 Short title, commencement and application

- I.I This <u>B</u>bylaw shall be known as the "Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw 204524"
- 1.2 The **B**bylaw shall apply to the Waikato District-
- 1.3 The <u>B</u>bylaw shall come into force on <u>[to be inserted]</u>.
- 1.4 This bylaw should be read in conjunction with other legislation that applies to the management and regulation of animals in the Waikato dDistrict, including:
  - Animal welfare in the Animal Products Act 1999, Animal Welfare Act 1999 and Impounding Act 1955.
  - Environmental concerns in the Biosecurity Act 1993, Reserves Act 1977, Resource
     Management Act 1991 and Waikato Regional Pest Management Plan 2022-2032.
  - Public health and safety in the Health Act 1956.
  - The use of land for farming, intensive farming, free range or poultry farming in the Waikato District Plan.
  - The ownership, control and welfare of dogs in the Dog Control Act 1996, Dog <u>Control Bylaw 2022 and Dog Control Policy 2022.</u>
  - How and where livestock can be moved within or across roads, in the Waikato District Livestock Movement Bylaw 2022.
  - Land and property covenants.

### 2.0 Revocation

The "Waikato District Council Keeping of Animals Bylaw 2015007" (adopted on 17 May 2021) and the Franklin District Council Keeping of Animals, Poultry and Bees Bylaw 2007" are hereby revoked\_from the date this bylaw comes into force.

### 3.0 Definitions



For the purposes of this Bylaw, the following definitions shall apply:

Animal	any member of the animal kingdom, including any mammal, bird, finfish, shellfish, reptile, amphibian, insect, or invertebrate, and includes the carcass or constituent parts thereof, but does not include human beings or dogs.
Annoyance	to harass repeatedly causing anger or mental distress
Authorised <u>o</u> fficer	any person for the time being appointed or authorised by the Council to carry out general or specific duties arising from any of the provisions of this Bbylaw, unless stated otherwise.
Beehive and hive	<u>a</u> Any receptacle housing a honeybee colony for the purposes of honey production and includes <u>-one</u> receptacle per colony used solely for the purposes of queen breeding, hive maintenance and swarm <u>prevention purposes.</u> prevention purposes.
Beekeeping	<u>t</u> The keeping of beehives, and includes the removal of honey and bee products from the hive, but not the further processing of such products.
Council	the Waikato District Council.
Lifestyle area	As defined in Schedule I.
Livestock	means cattle/ <u>cows/bulls</u> , deer, llamas, alpacas, donkeys, mules, horses (and ponies of 148cm or less in height), sheep, goats, pigs, and any other animal kept in captivity or farmed, and dependent on humans for their care and sustenance. "Stock" shall have the same meaning as "Livestock".
Nuisance	aAny reasonable interference with the peace, comfort or convenience of another person including by way of excessive noise or offensive odours, and includes the nuisances defined in section 29 of the Health Act 1956 and includes the following:
	(a) $\underline{w}$ there any accumulation or deposit of any waste or other similar material is in such a state or so situated as to be offensive; and
	(b) <u>w</u> ↓↓ here any buildings used for the keeping of animals are so constructed, situated, used, or kept, or are in such a condition as to be offensive; and
	(c) <u>w</u> ↓↓↓here any noise emitted by an animal unreasonably interferes with the peace, comfort, or convenience of any person.



Pets	a domestic animal kept primarily as a companion.
Pigsty	means a covered enclosure used for the housing of pigs.
Poultry	any live bird that is kept or raised for the purpose of <u>breeding</u> , producing eggs or meat for human consumption, and includes ducks, and chickens, geese, pigeons, turkeys, pheasants, game birds including quail and peacocks, and domestic fowls of all descriptions.
Premises	any land, dwelling, storehouse, warehouse, shop, cellar, yard, building, or part of the same, or enclosed space separately occupied, and all lands, buildings, and places adjoining each other and occupied together shall be deemed to be the same premises.
<u>Property</u>	A property or allotment which is held under separate certificate of title and a separate rating unit and showing on the Rating Information Database.
Public place	Any place that, at any material time, is under the control of the Council and is open to or being used by the public, and includes any road, whether or not it is under the control of the Council. It also includes every reserve, park, domain, beach, foreshore, and recreational grounds under the control of the Council, but excludinges the Hamilton Zoo.
Rural area	As defined in Schedule 1.
	an area zoned rural, rural residential, country living, or any of the zones included in the Rural Zones Chapter in the Waikato District Plan.
Threat	an action that is likely to occur that will cause damage or danger.
Urban area	<u>As defined in Schedule 1. an area used mainly for residential or</u> commercial purposes. For clarity, urban area includes residential, village, heavy industrial, business, and town centre zones in the Waikato District Plan.

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### 4.0 Exceptions

- 4.1 This <u>B</u>bylaw does not apply to the Hamilton Zoo.
- 4.2 This **B**bylaw does not apply to the Tuakau Saleyards.

### 5.0 Keeping of animals

- 5.1 No person shall keep, permit or suffer to be kept any bees or other animal (including livestock and poultry) which is or is likely to be a nuisance or a threat to public health or safety.
- 5.2 No person shall keep any noisy animal (including bird or poultry) noisy animal, bird, or poultry which causes or is likely to cause a nuisance to any other person.
- 5.3 No person shall allow any animal (including livestock and poultry) in a public place in a manner which is or is likely to be a nuisance or a threat to public health or safety.
- 5.4 -In addition to this Bbylaw, any person keeping animals (including livestock and poultry) shall comply with any other relevant statutory requirements.
- 5.45.5 No person shall slaughter an animal or dismember, handle, process, or dispose of the carcass or remains of an animal, on any premises which causes or is likely to cause a nuisance or threat to public health or safety.
- 5.6 Any person keeping an animal shall ensure the animal is confined to the boundaries of the premises where the animal is kept. This clause does not apply to cats.
- 5.55.7 Clauses 5.1 to 5.65 apply regardless of whether a person has complied with other clauses of this bylaw.

### 6.0 Keeping of pigs – special requirements

- 6.1 No person shall keep any pigs in an urban area.
- 6.2 No person shall keep any pigs in a manner which creates or is likely to create a nuisance, or which is, or is likely to be injurious to the health of any person.
- 6.3 No pigsty or pig run shall be erected closer than 20\_metres (m) from any dwelling, factory, or other building, whether wholly or partially occupied, or within 30m of the boundary of any adjoining premises.



### 7.0 Keeping of poultry – special requirements

6.4 No person shall keep more than <u>six</u><sup>6</sup> head of poultry, pet or otherwise, on premises less than 550m<sup>2</sup> in an urban area.-

<u>6.5</u>7.1

- 6.67.2 No person may keep more than 12 head of poultry, pet or otherwise, in an urban area on premises greater than 550m<sup>2</sup>.
- 6.7<u>7.3</u> No person shall keep a rooster on any property which is within an urban area<u>- or which is</u> zoned country living under the Waikato District Plan.
- 6.87.4 No poultry shall be kept in an urban area unless they are provided with enclosed housing (whether mobile or immobile) that is:
  - (a) <u>pProperly constructed in accordance with the Building Act 2004 as the case-</u> may require; and
  - (b)(a) rRainproof; and
  - (c)(b) iln the case of a permanent structure, provided with a floor of concrete or other approved appropriate material raised 150 millimetres above ground level to which a poultry run may be attached; and
  - (d)(c) aAdequately graded and drained.

Advisory note: All housing, structures or buildings must comply with all requirements under the Waikato District Plan and Building Act 2004.

6.97.5 No poultry house (whether mobile or immobile), or poultry run, shall be located:

(a) within 10m from any dwelling, factory, or other building; or

(b)(a) within 3-m of the boundary of any adjoining premises.

- <u>6.107.6</u> Every poultry house and poultry run shall be maintained in good repair and in a clean condition, free from any offensive smell or overflow, and free from vermin.
- 6.117.7 Where an authorised officer considers the keeping of <u>chickens poultry</u> has become, or is likely to become, a nuisance or potential danger to any person, they may serve a notice requiring the owner or occupier of the premises to:
  - (a) relocate the chickens poultry to another area on the premises; and/or
  - (b) reduce the maximum number of chickens poultry allowed on the premises; and/or
  - (c) remove some or all of the existing chickens poultry from the premises; and/or
  - (d) do any other thing that, in the opinion of the officer, may reduce the nuisance or potential danger.
- 6.127.8 Any person, owner or occupier of a premises who receives a notice under clause\_



7.7 must SHoulmust, without delay comply with the notice within fourteen days or as it is considered reasonable by an authorised officer.



### 7.08.0 Bee keeping – special requirements

- 7.18.1 No person shall keep bees if in the opinion of an authorised officer, the keeping of bees is, or is likely to become, a nuisance or potential danger to any person.
- 7.28.2 Provided that the keeping of bees complies with all other requirements (with the exception of 8.53(e))) contained in this bylaw, there is no maximum number of hives for properties which are zoned rural or general rural zone under the Waikato District Plan.
- 7.38.3 A person may keep bees provided they comply with the following conditions:
  - (a) In properties which are within an urban area zoned urban under the Waikato District Plan: ÷
    - (i) where there is no solid fence of 1.8m or taller on any adjoining property boundary, hives must be placed at a minimum distance of 5m to that boundary; or-
    - (ii) where there is a solid fence of 1.8m or taller on any property boundary, the hives are placed no closer than 3m from that boundary; and
  - (b) In properties which are within a lifestyle area-zoned country living or rural residentialunder the Waikato District Plan, -hives are placed no closer than <u>5</u>+2m metres-to any adjoining boundary to a residential dwelling; and
  - (c) Note This clause will also apply to any properties which will be zoned village in any Waikato District Plan subsequent to the Operative District Plan as of May 2021.

<del>(d)</del>

- (e)(c) In properties which are zoned within a rural area under the Waikato District Plan, hives are placed no closer than 1025 m metres to any adjoining boundary to a residential dwelling; and
- 7.48.4 A person may keep bees only in a The-minimum property area of s 500 m<sup>2</sup> square metres or greater : and
- 7.58.5 Except by prior written approval, the number of hives in all zone <u>(excluding the General Rural</u> Zone or Rural Zone as defined in Proposed and Operative Waikato District Plan)s does not exceed that which is allowed for the area of the premises as indicated in the following table:

Property Area	Number of hives
500-2000 square metres	2
2001-4000 square metres	4
4001 square metres- <u>+</u>	6

- 7.68.6 Where an authorised officer considers an existing hive, or hives, has become or is likely to become a nuisance or potential danger to any person, they may serve a notice requiring the owner or occupier of the premises to:
  - (a) relocate the hives to another area on the premises; or
  - (b) develop a flight management plan to ensure that the bees' flightpath is diverted from, or made to go, a minimum of 1.8<u>m-metres</u> high over an adjacent premise, footpath or road; or
  - (c) reduce the maximum number of hives allowed on the premises; or



- (d) remove some or all of the existing hives from the premises; or
- (e) do any other thing that, in the opinion of the authorised officer, may reduce the nuisance or potential danger.
- 7.78.7 Any beekeeper, owner or occupier of a premises who receives a notice under clause 8.5 must, without delay, comply with the notice.

Advisory nNote: If you keep bees in New Zealand, it is a legal requirement that you register your hive/s\_--under the Biosecurity (National American Foulbrood Ppest Management Plan) Act 1993.

### 8.09.0 Horses – special requirements

- 8.19.1 A person shall not keep any horse on premises smaller than 1200<u>m<sup>2</sup>-square metres</u> in an Uurban <u>Aarea</u>, except where the horses are kept:
  - (a) **<u>b</u>By** a registered breeder or trainer; or
  - (b) On a property that has available iln a stable or other building premises constructed specifically for the keeping of horses.
- 8.29.2 Where any horse defecates on any public place, including, but not limited to, footpaths, roads or reserves in such a way that it may cause a nuisance to other users, the person who has custody of that horse shall remove and dispose of such defecations immediately and in a way that does not cause a nuisance or offence.

### 10.0 Encouraging nuisances by feral or stray animals (including cats)

- 10.1 No person shall provide sustenance, harbourage or comfort to an animal that reasonably appears to be a feral or stray animal so as to cause the animal to become a nuisance to other persons.
- 10.2 Where an animal that is causing a nuisance reasonably appears to be a feral or stray animal, the owner or occupier of the property from which such animals emanate must take all reasonable steps to abate the nuisance caused by the animal(s). Abatement may include, but is not limited to:
  - (a) <u>c</u>Claiming the animal(s) as a domestic owned pet and keeping it in such a state as to abate any nuisance; or
  - (b) Permanently removing (including disposal of) the animal so it no longer causes a nuisance to others; or
  - (c) <u>a</u>Agreeing with the Council that the Council will remove the animal and the occupier will pay the Council's reasonable costs.

<u>Advisory n</u>Note: <u>Aanimal rescue activities in the community are not prohibited unless they are</u> conducted in such a way as to encourage stray or feral animals to cause nuisance. Where possible, Council will work proactively with the SPCA and other animal rescue organisations, -to ensure animal welfare requirements are met and all practicable options are explored when dealing with feral and stray animals.



### **II.0 Service of notices**

11.1 Any notice, order or other document which this Bylaw requires to be served or given to any person, shall be deemed to have been duly served or given if it is left at their residence or work place, or posted to their last known residential address.

#### **12.0** Offences and penalties

12.1 Any person who fails to comply with the requirements of this Beylaw commits an offence and may be liable to a penalty under the Local Government Act 2002 or the Health Act 1956, as the case may\_be.

This <u>B</u>bylaw was made, pursuant to a resolution passed by the Waikato District Council on <u>13 April-</u><u>2015[to be inserted]</u>.

THE COMMON SEAL of WAIKATO DISTRICT COUNCIL was hereto affixed in the presence of:

Mayor

**Chief Executive** 

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Activity	Key Date	Council Resolution
Bylaw made		
Bylaw reviewed		
Next review due		
date		



## Schedule I

#### Advisory note:

<u>As of November 2023, the majority of zones within the 'Proposed District Plan' are in effect and are applicable</u> throughout the entire district. To identify if zones are within a rural area or urban area, please refer to Table 1.

If you have filed an appeal regarding the zoning of your property with the Environment Court which is unresolved, please refer to Table 2, which contains zones from the Operative Waikato District Plan.

Table 1: Proposed Waikato District Plan Area Definition I. Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Proposed Urban area District Plan; and General residential zone Medium density residential zone ii. Medium density residential zone iii. Local centre zone iv. Commercial zone **v**. Town centre zone vi. General industrial zone vii. viii. Heavy industrial zone Business Tamahere zone ix. Matangi zone Х. xi. Rangitahi peninsula zone In addition to the listed zones, properties with a land area of up to and including 2,5001,500 square meters, irrespective of the designated zone. Lifestyle area Properties larger than 1,500 square meters and designated under the following zones from the Proposed District Plan: Rural lifestyle zone ii. Large lot residential zone Settlement zone iii. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone iv. TaTa Valley zone Properties larger than 1,500 square meters and designated under the following zones Rural area from the Proposed District Plan: General rural zone Future urban zone ii. Hopuhopu zone iii. Ohinewai Zone iv. Advisory Note: Irrespective of zoning of the property, if a property area is 2,500 1,500 square metres or less, the property is considered an urban area.

 Not specified
 The following zones are not considered to be located within a rural, urban or lifestyle area.

 i.
 Open space zone

 ii.
 Correction zone

 iii.
 Mercer airport zone

 iv.
 Te Kowhai Airpark zone

 v.
 Motorsport and recreation zone

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Area	Definition	
	<u>vi. KLZ Kimihia Lakes zone</u>	

Table 2: Waikato and Franklin District Operative Plan

Area	Definition
<u>Urban area</u>	I. Properties designated under the following zones as outlined in the Waikato and Franklin Operative District Plan; and
	<u>i. Industrial zone</u> ii. Urban zone
	iii. Residential zone
	iv. Residential 2 zone
	v. Medium density 2 zone
	vi. Business zone
	vii. Industrial 2 zone
	viii. Light industrial zone
	ix. Neighbour centres
	2. In addition to the listed zones, properties with a land area of up to and including 2,500 1,500 square meters, irrespective of the designated zone.
Lifestyle area	Properties larger than 2,5001,500 square meters and designated under the following
	zones from the Proposed District Plan:
	i. Country Living Zone
	ii. Village zone
	iii. Rural-residential zone
Rural area	Properties larger than 2,5001,500 square meters and designated under the following
	zones from the Proposed District Plan:
	i. Living zone
	ii. Pa zone
	iii. Business zone
	<u>iv. Rural zone</u>
	<u>v. Coastal zone</u>
	vi. Wetland conservation zone
	vii. Forest conservation zone
	viii. Aggregate Extraction and Processing Zone
	ix. Queen's Redoubt Heritage Zone
Not specified	The following zones are not considered rural or urban.
<u>as rural or</u>	i. Recreation zone
<u>urban</u>	ii. Maioro Mining Zone
	iii. Timber Processing Zone
	iv. Tuakau Industrial Services Zone
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