

Schedule 30.4: Maaori Areas of Significance

The following schedule includes parcels of land that have been identified in Part 8 of the Schedule to the 2009 Deed of Settlement between the Crown and Waikato-Tainui as being culturally significant to Waikato-Tainui Iwi and parcels of land that have been identified as areas that have significant value to Maaori.

For the properties listed below, the rules of the district plan apply to the entire property as shown on the planning maps.

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS01	Awamarahi Island	Awamarahi was once a papakainga and historical fishing site.
SS02	Rangiriri-Meremere Takinga Wairua	Takinga Wairua was a papakainga or village.
SS03	Karihoa Island	(Island in the Waikato River - Wildlife Management Reserve) Karihoa was an old papakainga area.
SS04	Papakainga Horahora Marae	This site is associated with the papakainga of Horahora Marae.
SS05	Lake Kopuera Refuge	Lake Kopuera is significant as a food basket for Waikato Hapuu.
SS06	Te Onetea Stream	Te Onetea Stream was the only navigable stream for waka to travel between the Waikato River and Lake Waikare. It is also adjacent to historical papakainga and cultivation lands.
SS07	Te Onetea Stream	
SS08	Te Onetea Stream	
SS09	Te Onetea Stream	
SS18	Te Onetea Stream	
SS22	Te Onetea Stream	
SS10	Maurea Islands	These islands accommodated the former location of Maurea Marae.
SS11	Maurea Islands	
SS12	Maurea Islands	
SS13	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	Paetai was a known cultivation area and papakainga which accommodated a key hui in 1857 to discuss the potential of uniting Iwi and its lands under a Maaori King.
SS14	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS15	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS16	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS17	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS19	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS20	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS21	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS23	Papakainga Waka Tauranga and Cultivation Area Paetai	
SS24	Lake Waikare Marginal Strips	
SS25	Lake Waikare Marginal Strips	
SS26	Lake Waikare Conservation Area	
SS49	Lake Waikare Lake Bed	

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS27 SS28 SS29 SS31 SS32 SS33 SS34 SS35 SS36 SS37 SS38 SS39 SS40	Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Wildlife Management Reserve Lake Waikare Wildlife Management Reserve Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare South Shore Recreation Reserve Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips Lake Waikare Marginal Strips	of significance as they were papakainga, nohoanga kai, paa tuna and also urupa. During the Rangiriri battle in 1863, it is said that when Waikato-Tainui people fled from Rangiriri Pa, they ran towards and into Lake Waikare and Lake Kopuera while they were fleeing the battle and were shot by British soldiers. It is highly likely that some of the bones of persons associated with the battle are still in both lakes which are very significant to Waikato-Tainui.
SS41 SS42	Tarakokomako Islands Tarakokomako Islands	Kaumatua have said that these islands are the home to Tarakokomako, one of Waikato-Tainui river Taniwha.
SS43	Motakorea Island	Motakorea Island (formerly part of Taipouri Island) was the kainga of Kokako in his later years. Kokako was the father of Tamainu Po and grandfather of Wairere.
SS44 SS45	Hukanui-a-Muri Lands Hukanui-a-Muri Lands	These small parcels of land are associated with the papakainga of Hukanui-a-Muri.
SS46	Waahi Waka Tauranga	This site was a historical landing site for waka travelling to Waahi Pa. The land was taken under the Public Works Act to provide a transport corridor for the construction of the Genesis Power Station.

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS47	Lake Waahi Wildlife Management Reserve	These sites were significant in supporting the well-being of surrounding marae during poukai and significant events.
SS48	Lake Waahi Wildlife Management Reserve	
SS30	Te Takapu o Waikato	Te Takapu o Waikato may have been known by another name which is still to be confirmed. However, it is understood that Te Takapu was one of the islands that held pahu (or war gongs) to signify and warn other Waikato Marae of approaching taua, or war parties.
SS50	Maaori Gardens - Totality Hooker Road, Tamahere (1) Totality	The site a significant cultural icon, gardening method which contributes to iwi and hapuu identity, and history of settlement in the locality.
SS65	Hooker Road, Tamahere (2) Totality	
SS67	Hooker Road, Tamahere (3) Totality	
SS71	Hooker Road, Tamahere (4) Totality	
SS51	Teo Teo Paa, Whangamarino Redoubt/Pickards Redoubt and Huirama Paa Oram Road, Whangamarino	It is the place where the Ngaati Mahuta Rangatira, Te Huirama, Kaireperepe (affinal kin to) and Tianara (general) of Kingi Tawhiao, was charged with harrying and holding back the tide of Crown forces.
SS53		
SS58 SS68		
SS52	Wainui Reserve Wainui Road, Raglan	Settlement cluster of Paa and Kaainga of Tainui Hapuu.

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS54	Maaori Gardens - Totality Kernott Road (1)	The site a significant cultural icon, gardening method which contributes to iwi and hapuu identity, and history of settlement in a locality.
SS62	Kernott Road (2) Horotiu	
SS55	Horea Te Akau South, Te Akau	The sites represent an early pre-European cultural and archaeological landscape. Cluster of coastal paa indicates a valued coastal landscape for ancestral occupation.
SS56	Tautauroa Urupaa - Waikorea Te Akau Coast Road, Te Akau	Pre-1900 Ancestral Urupaa of the Tainui, Tahinga, Paetoka, Koata Hapuu.
SS57	Wiremu Te Awaitaia Kohatu & Urupaa Marine Parade, Raglan	Ngaati Hourua - gravesite and kohatu. (Includes Papahua 3 ML 21878)
SS59	Hanatoria Paa Ringer Road, Tauwhare	Wharewaiora, place of healing, Te Waikato Sanitorium, the first institution for open-air treatment of tuberculosis. The Meeting house was replaced by the Villa in 1936.
SS60	The Point Broadway, Ngaruawahia	Currently known as 'The Point'. A site of pre 1900 history that connects to the Hakarimata Range, Puke-i-aahuaPaa to the naming of Ngaruawahia and the Kingitanga movement, followed by European occupation.
SS63		

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS61	Oioroa Aotea North Head Phillips Road, Aotea	Oioroa Aotea North Heads Scientific Reserve In the past there were attempts at pasture conversion, military bombardment and then a scientific reservation. The sand holds a record of the ancestors of claimants through their bones, pits, tools, treasures and rubbish tips. That record is of major importance to both the hapuu and western archaeology but for crucially different reasons.
SS64	Putoetoe Paa Wi Neera Street, Raglan	Paa site of Ngaati Mahaanga, Ngaati Hourua. Currently recorded as a redoubt RI4/341.
SS66	Reretau Urupaa - Waimai Te Akau Coast Road, Te Akau	Pre-1900 Ancestral Urupaa of the Tainui, Tahinga, Paetoka, Koata Hapuu.
SS70	Te Toto Whaanga Road, Raglan	Contains the Te Toto Paa and a complex of stone features, pits, karaka grove, terraces and gardening area.
SS69	Te Aukatiki Maungatawhiri Oram Road, Whangamarino	1863 river crossing of the Maungatawhiri stream which begun the invasion of the Waikato.
SS72	Toreparu Wetland and Horokawau Falls Phillips Road, Te Mata	Although primarily a significant ecological area, the 13 Paa and kaainga sites near the wetland contribute to the significance and wealth of resources that were available to sustain Iwi/hapuu.
SS73	Te Paina Paa	An important settlement and horticultural area. Te Puea Herangi built this paa at Mangatawhiri. It was here that she gathered together and to support the men liable for conscription to WWI.

ITEM No	DESCRIPTION	SIGNIFICANCE
SS74	Rangiriri Church and Cemetery Rangiriri Road, Rangiriri (Opposite Rangiriri & Heritage Centre)	Stood until 1863. Was then abandoned and a military graveyard was established. (S13/118)
SS75	Puke-i-aahua Paa and Gardens Havelock Road Nth, Ngaruawahia	Puke-i-aahua retains substantial integrity as a marker of pre-European settlement significant to Tamainupo Hapuu and later to Waikato Kingitanga. The features are strongly linked to Maaori garden practices that are adjacent to the paa and the Waikato river.
SS76	Maniapoto Urupaa - Tauwhare	Ancestral urupaa, originally part of the Maniapoto Paa (S14/131)
SS77	Meremere Paa and Redoubt Te Puea Avenue, Meremere	Meremere Paa (S13/116) was a complex site constructed to resist the British advance in 1863. Col. Mould of the Royal Engineers was in charge of remodelling the central area of the paa and the new earthworks were laid out by surveyor Charles Heaphy. It consisted of a small central summit fort, extensive rifle trenches, gun emplacements, and small satellite forts. (Redoubt S13/7)
SS78 SS79 SS05	Rangiriri State Highway, Rangiriri	Includes Rangiriri and Te Wheoro Paa, Lake Karaka and riparian wetlands.
SS80	Patikirau Kohatu and Urupaa	Ancestral Urupaa of the Tainui, Tahinga, Paetoka, Koata Hapuu.