Raglan a community in housing distress



Affordability in the Plan

- 1. A place for affordability
- 2. How to effectively include affordability



Submission Section C Rules > Chapter 13 Definitions Section C Rules > Chapter 16.3 Land use

Principle of:

- limiting housing coverage on residential land
- protecting neighbour sunlight access or other boundary interference

- controlling density

Permitted		
Discretionary	Resource consent	
Restricted Discretionary	Resource consent	

Submission Section C Rules > Chapter 13: Definitions

Minor dwelling (PI)

- a second dwelling independent of the principal dwelling(s) on the same site.

Multi-unit development (RDI)

- multiple residential units which are integrated in a comprehensive manner.

It includes: (a) an apartment building; and (b) a duplex.

It excludes: (a) retirement villages (P3); (b) papakaainga housing development; and (c) papakaainga building. (P2)



Submission Section C Rules > Chapter 16.3.1

Permitted activities

Section C Rules » Chapter 16: Residential Zone » 16.3 Land Use - Building » 16.3.1 Dwelling

16.3.1 Dwelling

PI	One dwelling within a site.
DI	A dwelling that does not comply with Rule 16.3.1 P1.

Section C Rules » Chapter 16: Residential Zone » 16.3 Land Use - Building » 16.3.2 Minor dwelling

16.3.2 Minor dwelling

PI	(a) One minor dwelling contained within a site must comply with all of the following conditions:	
	(i) The net site area is 900m ² or more;	
	(ii) The site does not contain a Multi-unit development.	
	(iii) The gross floor area shall not exceed 70m ²	
DI	A minor dwelling that does not comply with Rule 16.3.2 PI.	
		whaingaroa raglan 📃 💦

affordable housing project

Submission Section C Rules > Chapter 16.3.1

16.4.4 Subdivision - Multi-unit development

		•	
-	(a) Multi-Unit development must c	omply with all of the fo	ollowing conditions:
RDI	 (i) An application for land use consent under Rule 16.1.3 (Multi-Unit Development) must accompany the subdivision or have been granted land use consent by Council; (ii) The Multi-Unit development is able to be connected to public wastewater and water reticulation; 		
	(iii) The minimum existing lot size where a new freehold (fee simple) lot is being created must be 300m ² net site area.		
	(iv) Where a residential unit is being created in accordance with the Unit Titles Act 2010 it must meet the following minimum residential unit size:		
	Unit of Multi-Unit	Minimum Unit Area	
	Studio unit or I bedroom unit	60m ²	
	2 bedroom unit	80m²	
	3 or more bedroom unit	100m ²	
	 (b) Council's discretion shall be restricted to the following matters: (i) Subdivision layout including common boundary and party walls for the Multi-unit development; (ii) Provision of common areas for shared spaces, access and services; (iii) Provision of infrastructure to individual residential units; (iv) Avoidance or mitigation of natural hazards; (v) Geotechnical suitability of site for buildings; 		

- (vi) Amenity values and streetscape;
- (vii) Consistency with the matters contained, and outcomes sought, in Appendix 3.4 (Multi-Unit Development Guideline)
- (viii)Consistency with any relevant structure plan or master plan, including the provision of neighbourhood parks, reserves and neighbourhood centres;
- (ix) Vehicle, pedestrian and cycle networks;
- (x) Safety, function and efficiency of road network and any internal roads or accessways.

Subdivision that does not comply with Rule 16.4.4 RD1.

DI

Unit of Multi-Unit	Minimum Unit Area
Studio unit or I bedroom unit	60m²
2 bedroom unit	80m²
3 or more bedroom unit	100m ²

Includes living court, land coverage \leq 50%



Submission Section C Rules > Chapter 16.3.6

Section C Rules » Chapter 16: Residential Zone » 16.3 Land Use - Building » 16.3.6 Building coverage

16.3.6 Building coverage

PI	The total <u>building coverage</u> must not exceed 40%.
P2	Within the Te Kauwhata Residential West Area or the Te Kauwhata Ecological Residential Area as identified on the planning maps, the total building coverage must not exceed 35%.
P3	Within the Bankart Street and Wainui Road Business Overlay Area as identified on the planning maps, total building coverage must not exceed 50%.
DI	Total building coverage that does not comply with Rule 16.3.6 P1, P2 or P3.



Mechanisms for enabling affordability

Land use

Make better use of residential land Enable smaller dwellings within standard coverage (3 x 60 v's 110 + 70)

Create P1 activity within plan

Specific enablers for > 2 dwellings @ < total permitted coverage Enable shared facilities/buildings

Requires additions to

Definitions – as multi-unit development or stand alone definition Land use rules – building size/coverage/set-backs/Living court



Other councils

Have

- reduced restrictions on density



- allowed 3 or 4 dwellings per site (Auckland Unitary Plan H 4.4.1 Activity Table A3, A4)
- favoured partition of dwellings (Auckland Unitary Plan H 4.4.1 Activity Table A5)

Need to

- consider environmental impact
- remain in line with Raglan Naturally community plan

Align with Papakaainga concept

Papakaainga building	Means a building for communal use. It may include some centralised services or facilities such as food preparation, dining, conference, cultural facilities, sanitary facilities, and accommodation.
Papakaainga housing development	Means a comprehensive residential development for a recognised Tangata Whenua group or organisation residing in the Waikato district to support traditional Maaori cultural living on Maaori land for members of the iwi group or organisation.

Affordability requires innovation

Proposed District Plan in current form

- doesn't support innovation (without RC)



- doesn't specifically enable affordability (without RC)
- hasn't moved with changing views on

➤ house size

- > shared facilities sheds, garaging, laundry etc
- multiple ownership
- community land trust development
- neighbourhood housing development



Working party to consider affordability

Is there acknowledgement that:

- There is a housing need crisis?
- 75% of the need is in social, community, affordable housing
- The proposed plan does not in any way enable affordability
- Any concept of affordability in the proposed plan should be:
 - Comprehensive
 - Connected
 - Considered

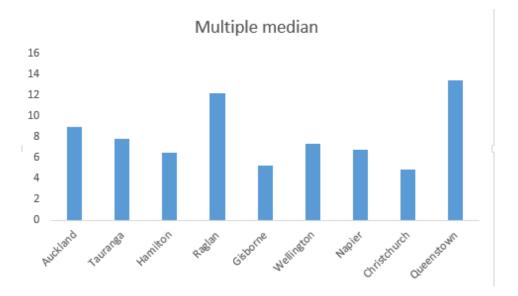


Raglan a community in housing distress

Multiple median 12.2 Comparable to Queenstown at 13.46

Lack of affordability threatens: Economy Diversity

The need is **NOW**





Other projects









High St Neighbourhood Dunedin

http://highstreetcohousing.nz/

Earthsong Auckland

https://www.earthsong.org.nz/

Cambridge Co-housing project

https://www.cambridgecohousing.nz/

Baugruppen Project Queenstown

https://cohousing.org.nz/communities/queenstown-urban-villagebaugruppen

Buckley Road, Southgate, Wellington

https://cohousing.org.nz/communities/buckley-road

Cornerstone, Owairaka, Auckland

https://cohousing.org.nz/communities/cornerstone