Attachment 2

Recommended amendments to Chapter 10 in response to submissions and evidence 20 January 2020

Chapter 10: Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land

> Proposed Waikato District Plan Stage I (Notified version)



Contents

Chapte	er 10:	Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land3
10.1	Haza	ardous Substances3
10.1	.1	Introduction
10.1	.2	Objective 10.1.1
10.1	.3	Policy 10.1.2
10.1	.4	Policy 10.1.3
10.1	.5	Policy 10.1.4
10.2	Cont	taminated Land5
10.2	.1	Objective 10.2.1 – Contaminated land5
10.2	.2	Policy 10.2.2 – Managing the use of contaminated land5
10.3	Rule	s for Hazardous Substances6
Rule	10.3	.1 - Hazardous Substances in All Zones6
10.4	Rule	s recommended to be replaced in the District Plan7
10.5	Defi	nitions13
10.6	Арр	endix 5: Hazardous Substances15

Key to use of colour
Black text – retained as notified
Red struckthrough or underlined – Recommended amendments from s42A report
Blue struckthrough or underlined – Recommended amendments from s42A officer rebuttal
evidence

Chapter 10: Hazardous Substances and Contaminated Land

10.1 Hazardous Substances

IO.I.I Introduction

Hazardous Substances are regulated in part under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO) and the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015.

The Resource Management Act has the role of controlling the land use activities including man-made hazards of a chemical nature.

The provisions of this chapter are designed to minimise the adverse effects of hazardous substances in relation to sensitive landuse activities (i.e. residential activities, schools, places of assembly) and sensitive environments (i.e. wetlands, waterways), areas of identified natural hazards and cumulative effects where multiple hazardous facilities are located within proximity to each other. The rules in the plan use an Activity Status Table (AST) to determine which hazardous substances potentially pose significant risk to public safety with respect to the various zones across the Waikato District.

The provisions of this chapter are designed to prevent or minimise adverse effects of activities at sites that use, store, transport or dispose of hazardous substances.

These activities can include industrial operations (for example chemical warehousing, manufacturing plants or bulk storage facilities), workshops, agricultural and horticultural activities, and some occupations that are carried out from home. The sites where such activities take place are defined as hazardous facilities.

Land use activities involving hazardous substances have the potential to result in an increased risk of adverse environmental effects and present a risk to those who use them or may members of the public who could be exposed to them, and the surrounding environment.

Risks are influenced by the nature of the hazardous substances, the quantity of the substances, the effects the substance may have, the likelihood of an event occurring and which parts of the environment may be affected. An event may be an accidental release, spill, unintended chemical reaction, fire or explosion.

Risks are influenced by the location of an activity and the surrounding environment. For example, hazardous facilities located in areas subject to natural hazards may be exposed to greater risks of damage or failure resulting in an event involving a hazardous substance.

Facilities located in proximity to land uses that are sensitive to the potential effects of a hazardous substance may also result in a greater risk.

These provisions are a land use planning tool under the Resource Management Act and are designed to apply in addition to requirements of other legislation. Such requirements assist in the

management of hazardous substances and they are recognised in the design of the provisions in this chapter. $\frac{1}{2}$

10.1.2 Objective 10.1.1

(a) Residual rRisks² associated with the storage, use, transport³ or disposal of hazardous substances is managed are minimised⁴ to ensure that the effects on people, property and the environment are acceptable, while recognising the benefits of facilities storing,⁵ using or disposing of⁶ hazardous substances.

10.1.3 Policy 10.1.2

10.1.2 Policy - Location of new h⁷Hazardous facilities

(a) New h⁸Hazardous facilities <u>must</u>⁹ minimise the risk to the environment (including people and property) to acceptable levels¹⁰ by:

(i) Siting new hazardous facilities in appropriate locations that are separated from incompatible activities, <u>such as sensitive land use and infrastructure</u>¹¹, and <u>sensitive</u> environment<u>s</u>¹²; (ii) Avoid locating near to sensitive land use activities and infrastructure¹³

(iii) Designing, constructing and operating hazardous facilities in a manner that ensures the adverse effects of the operation or an accidental event involving hazardous substances can be contained within the site; and

(iv) Disposing hazardous wastes to authorised disposal or treatment facilities that have appropriate management systems in place <u>and avoiding the storage, processing or disposal of hazardous wastes in</u> <u>sensitive environments.</u>¹⁴

10.1.4 Policy 10.1.3

10.1.3 Policy – Residual Assessment of¹⁵ risks of hazardous substances

Facilities for the use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances shall identify and assess potential adverse effects (including cumulative risks and potential effects of identified natural hazards) to prevent unacceptable levels of risk to human health, safety, property and the natural environment.

¹ Submission 697.569 from Waikato District Council

² Submission [697.570] Waikato District Council

³ Submission [697.570] Waikato District Council

⁴ Submission [697.570] Waikato District Council

⁵ Submission [785.41] Z Energy Ltd, BP Oil NZ Limited

⁶ Submission [785.41] Z Energy Ltd, BP Oil NZ Limited

⁷ Submission [697.571] Waikato District Council

⁸ Submission [697.572] Waikato District Council

⁹ Submission [697.572] Waikato District Council

¹⁰ Submission [419.78] Horticulture New Zealand

¹¹ Submission [680.121] Federated Farmers

¹² Submission [680.121] Federated Farmers

¹³ Submission [697.572] Waikato District Council

¹⁴ Submission [697.572] Waikato District Council

¹⁵ Submission [697.573] Waikato District Council

10.1.5 Policy 10.1.4

10.1.4 Policy – Reverse sensitivity effects

- (a) Separate¹⁶ Ensure as far as practicable¹⁷ reverse sensitivity effects are avoided between¹⁸ sensitive land use activities and from¹⁹ lawfully-established hazardous facilities;
- (b) Separate new hazardous facilities from existing sensitive land use activities; and
- (c) Avoid the storage, processing or disposal of hazardous waste in sensitive environments.²⁰

10.2 Contaminated Land

10.2.1 Objective 10.2.1 – Contaminated land

(a) The subdivision, use and development of contaminated land is <u>sustainably</u>²¹ managed to protect human health <u>and safety</u>²² and the environment <u>from unacceptable risk</u>²³.

10.2.2 Policy 10.2.2 – Managing the use of contaminated land

- (a) Contaminated land is managed <u>(which may include remediation)</u> or remediated²⁴ to ensure that contaminants are at a level acceptable for the proposed land use.
- (b) Disposal of contaminated soil must be carried out in a manner that avoids further adverse effects on human health or on the environment.
- (c) Use or development of contaminated land must not damage or destroy any contaminant containment works, unless comparable or better containment is provided, or monitoring demonstrates that the containment is no longer required.
- (d) Ensure that <u>contaminated land management approaches associated with²⁵</u> the use, subdivision and development of contaminated land management approaches <u>of actually or potentially</u> <u>contaminated land²⁶</u> include<u>s where appropriate²⁷</u>:
 - undertaking a site investigation of any land identified as actually or potentially contaminated, prior to any new subdivision or change of use of land, that could result in an increase in any adverse effects from the contamination of a piece of land;
 - (ii) remedial action plans;
 - (iii) site validation reports,

²³ Submission [680.124] from Federated Farmers of New Zealand

¹⁶ Submission [785.44] from the Oil Companies

¹⁷ Submission [697.574] from Waikato District Council

¹⁸ Submission [785.44] from the Oil Companies

¹⁹ Submission [785.44] from the Oil Companies

²⁰ Submissions [680.123] from Federated Farmers of New Zealand, [697.574] from Waikato District Council, [785.44] from the Oil Companies

²¹ Submission [81.230] from Waikato Regional Council

²² Submission [923.134] from Waikato District Health Board

²⁴ Submission [785.10] from the Oil Companies

²⁵ Submission [81.233] from Waikato Regional Council

²⁶ Submission [81.233] from Waikato Regional Council

²⁷ Submission [800.2] from Environmental Management Solutions Limited and Submission [463.2] from Environmental Management Solutions Limited

- (iv) site management plans as appropriate for identifying, monitoring and managing contaminated land.
- (v) <u>Preliminary site investigations.</u>²⁸
- (e) Any preliminary or detailed site investigation reports, remedial action plans, site validation reports and ongoing site management plans are prepared in accordance with the Ministry for the Environment's Contaminated Land Management Guidelines #1 and #5, and are provided to both Waikato District Council and the Waikato Regional Council for their records.²⁹

Advice Note:

The status of some activities will be determined by the requirements of the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health Regulations 2011. Reference should be made to the Ministry of Environment website for a copy of these regulations, a user's guide, and documents incorporated by reference in these regulations.³⁰

10.3 Rules for Hazardous Substances

Rule 10.3.1 - Hazardous Substances in All Zones

<u>PI</u> 31	 (a) <u>The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance must meet the following conditions:</u> (i) <u>the aggregate quantity of any hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the applicable zone in Table 5.1 Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).</u>
<u>P2</u> 32	 (a) <u>The storage or use of radioactive material is:</u> (i) <u>an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or</u> (ii) <u>specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2016.</u>
<u>CI</u> <u>33</u>	 (a) The storage of the following maximum volumes of fuel for retail sale within a service station in the Rural Zone, the Business Town Centre, Business Zone, Industrial Zone or Heavy Industrial Zone, the Motorsport and Recreation Zone (i) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; (ii) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and (iii) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage).
	 (b) <u>Council's control is reserved over the following matters:</u> (i) <u>The proposed site design and layout in relation to:</u> A. <u>the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities;</u> B. <u>interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable and proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards);</u> (ii) <u>Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.</u>

²⁸ Submission [81.233] from Waikato Regional Council

²⁹ Submission [81.234] from Waikato Regional Council

³⁰ Submission [680.125] from Federated Farmers of New Zealand

³¹ Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.113], [697.870], [697.960], [697.777], [697.1031],

^{[697.265], [697.708]} and Horticulture New Zealand [419.14]. ³² Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.1031] and [697.588].

³³ Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.628].

<u>C2</u>	(a) Fuel storage and refuelling infrastructure, including self-automated dispensing facilities
	in PRECINCTS A AND B at Te Kowhai Airpark Zone must not exceed:
	(i) An aggregate of 100,000 litres of petrol or aviation fuel in underground storage
	<u>tanks; and</u>
	(ii) An aggregate of 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and
	(iii) <u>An aggregate of 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage).</u>
	(b) <u>Council reserves its control over the following matters:</u>
	(i) The proposed site design and layout in relation to:
	A. The sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment;
	potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility,
	including cumulative risks with other facilities;
	B. Interaction with natural hazards such as flooding, instability;
	C. Proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant
	<u>hazards);</u>
	D. Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
<u>DI 34</u>	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule
	<u>10.3.1 P1, P2 or C1.</u>
<u>D2</u>	A service station that does not comply with Rule 10.3.1 CI in the Business Zone, Business
	Town Centre, Industrial Zone or Heavy Industrial Zone.
<u>NCI 35</u>	The use, storage of fuel for retail sale within a service station in the Residential, Country
	Living, Village, Rangitahi Peninsula zones, in the Tamahere Business Zone or Agricultural
	Research Centre and in the Reserve Zone.
<u>NC2</u> 36	Any new hazardous facility that involves the storage and handling of hazardous substances
	with explosive or flammable intrinsic properties within 12m of the centre line of a National
	Grid Transmission Line.
	Note: This rule also relates to rule 14.4.4 NC8 in Chapter 14 (Infrastructure).
L	

10.4 Rules recommended to be replaced in the District Plan

As a result of the changes recommended through the National Planning Standards, the following rules are proposed to be replaced in the various zone chapters as follows:

Chapter 16 – Residential Zone

16.2.5 Hazardous substances

Pl	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where:
	(ii) the aggregate quantity of any hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified in the Residential zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).

³⁴ Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.871] and [697.1031].

³⁵ Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.114], [697.872], [697.961], [697.1032] and [697.589]. ³⁶ Refer to submissions from Waikato District Council [697.629], [697.703], [697.115], [697.873], [697.962]

^[697.778] and [697.1033].

P2	(a) The storage or use of radioactive materials is:
	(iii) an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or
	(iv) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
ĐI	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 16.2.5 P1 or P2.

Chapter 17 – Business Zone

17.2.5.4 Hazardous substances

PL	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances must meet the following conditions:
	(i) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Business Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5
	(Hazardous Substances)
	(ii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
CI	(a) Service station with a maximum storage for retail sale of:
	(c) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks;
	(d) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and
	(e) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage).
	(b) Council's control is limited to the following matters:
	(i) the proposed site design and layout in relation to:
	A. the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; and
	B. interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable;
	C. proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards);
	(ii) proposed procedures for the monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 17.2.5.4 PI.
Ðŀ	A service station that does not comply with Rule 17.2.4.5 C1.

Chapter 18 – Business Town Centre

18.2.5 Hazardous substances

PI	 (a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances where: (i) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Business Town Centre Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).
P2	 (a) The storage or use of radioactive materials is: (i) in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or (ii) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
C1	 (a) Service station with a maximum storage for retail sale of: (i) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; (ii) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; (iii) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (b) The Council reserves its control over the following matters: (i) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: A. The sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative

	risks with other facilities; B. Interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable; C. Proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (ii) Proposed procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances that do not comply with Rules 18.2.5 P1, P2 or C1.

Chapter 19 – Business Zone Tamahere

19.2.5 Hazardous Substances

- P1	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where:
	(i) The aggregate quantity of any hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less
	than the quantity specified for the Business Zone Tamahere in Table 6.1 contained within
	Appendix 6 (Hazardous Substances);
	(ii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and
	diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act
	and Regulations 2017.
Đŀ	-Any activity that does not comply with Rule 19.2.5 PI

Chapter 20 – Industrial Zone

20.2.6 Hazardous Substances

P+	(b) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where: (iii) the aggregate quantity of a hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Industrial Zone in Table 51 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).
P2	(b) The storage or use of radioactive materials is: (v) an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or (vi) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
C1	 (f) The storage of the following maximum volumes of fuel for retail sale within a service station: (iv) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; (v) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and (vi) 6 ronnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (g) Council shall reserve its control over the following matters: (ii) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: C. the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; D. interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (iii) Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 20.2.6 P1, P2 or C1.

Chapter 21 – Industrial Zone Heavy

21.2.6 Hazardous substances

먼	(c) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where:
	(iv) the aggregate quantity of hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Industrial Zone Heavy in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).

-	
P2	(c) The storage or use of radioactive materials is:
	(vii) an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or
	(viii) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
CI	(h) The storage of the following maximum volumes of fuel for retail sale within a service station:
	(vii) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks;
	(viii)50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and
	(ix) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage).
	(i) Council reserves its control over the following matters:
	(iv) The proposed site design and layout in relation to:
	E. the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential
	hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities;
	F. interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. proposed emergency
	management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards);
	(v) Procedures for the monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance that does not comply with Rules 21.2.6 PI,
	P2 or CI.

Chapter 22 – Rural Zone

22.2.4 Hazardous substances

PL	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances where:
	(i) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Rural Zone in Table 6.1 contained within Appendix 6 (Hazardous Substances).
P2	(d) The storage or use of radioactive materials if it is:
	(ix) an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or
	(x) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
C1	(j) The storage of the following maximum volumes of fuel for retail sale within a service station:
	(x) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks;
	(xi) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and
	(xii) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage).
	(k) Council's control is reserved over the following matters:
	(vi) The proposed site design and layout in relation to:
	G. the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities;
	H. interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards);
	(iii) Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Đŀ	The use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 22.2.4 P1, P2 or C1.

Chapter 23 – Country Living Zone

23.2.4 Hazardous substances

(ii) The appropriate quantity of any hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less	PI	(b) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where:
		(ii) The aggregate quantity of any hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Country Living Zone in Table 6.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances); and

	(iii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
P2	 (e) The storage or use of radioactive materials if it is: (xi) an approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or (xii) specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
Ct	 (I) The storage of the following maximum volumes of fuel for retail sale within a service station: (xiii) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; (xiv) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and (xv) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (m) Council reserves its control over the following matters: (vii) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: I. the sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; J. interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (iv) Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Đł	The use, storage or disposal of hazardous substance that does not comply with Rule 23.2.4 P1, P2 or C1.

Chapter 24 – Village Zone

24.2.5 Hazardous substances

Pl	(d) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances where:
	(v) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Residential zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances).
P2	(f) The storage or use of radioactive materials is:
	(xiii) An approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes; or
	(xiv) Specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
Đł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 24.2.5 P1 or P2.

Chapter 25 – Reserve Zone

25.2.5 Hazardous substances

PI	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where:	
	 (i) The aggregate quantity of any hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Reserve Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances); 	
	(ii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.	
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that does not comply with Rule 25.2.5 Pl	

Chapter 26 – Motorsport and Recreation Zone

26.2.9 Hazardous substances - all precincts

P1	 (a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances where: (iii) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for the Motorsport and Recreation Zone in Table 6.1 contained within Appendix 6 (Hazardous Substances); (iv) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
CI	 (a) Service station with a maximum storage for retail sale of: (n) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; (o) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; (p) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (b) Council's control is reserved over the following matters: (i) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: D. The sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; E. Interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. (ii) proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (iii) Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Đł	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances that do not comply with Rule 26.2.9 PI or CI.

Chapter 27 – Te Kowhai Airpark Zone

27.2.11 Hazardous Substances

PI	 (a) In ALL PRECINCTS, the use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance where: (i) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substance of any hazard classification on a site is less than the quantity specified for Te Kowhai Airpark Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5 (Hazardous Substances); (ii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
C1	 (c) Fuel storage and refuelling infrastructure, including self-automated dispensing facilities in PRECINCTS A AND B must not exceed: (iv) An aggregate of 100,000 litres of petrol or aviation fuel in underground storage tanks; and (v) An aggregate of 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and (vi) An aggregate of 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (d) Council reserves its control over the following matters: (ii) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: (iii) The sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; (iv) Interaction with natural hazards such as flooding, instability; (v) Proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (vi) Procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
ĐI	The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substance that does not comply with one or more of the conditions in Rule 27.2.11.PL or CL.

Chapter 28 - Rangitahi Peninsula Zone

28.2.5 Hazardous substances

the guantity specified for the Rangitahi Peninsula Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Append	PI	(a) The use, storage or disposal of any hazardous substances where:
the quantity specified for the Rangitahi Peninsula Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Append		(i) The aggregate quantity of hazardous substances of any hazard classification on a site is less than
		the quantity specified for the Rangitahi Peninsula Zone in Table 5.1 contained within Appendix 5

	(Hazardous Substances); and (ii) The storage or use of radioactive materials is in approved equipment for medical and diagnostic purposes, or specified as an exempt activity or article in the Radiation Safety Act and Regulations 2017.
C+	 (a) Service station with a maximum storage for retail sale of: (i) 100,000 litres of petrol in underground storage tanks; and (ii) 50,000 litres of diesel in underground storage tanks; and (iii) 6 tonnes of LPG (single vessel storage). (b) Council's control is reserved over the following matters: (iv) The proposed site design and layout in relation to: F. The sensitivity of the surrounding natural, human and physical environment; potential hazards and exposure pathways arising from the proposed facility, including cumulative risks with other facilities; and G. Interaction with natural hazards (flooding, instability), as applicable. proposed emergency management planning (spills, fire and other relevant hazards); (v) Proposed procedures for monitoring and reporting of incidents.
Ðł	The use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances that do not comply with Rule 28.2.5 PI or CI.

10.5 Definitions

The following changes are recommended to be made to Chapter 13 of the District Plan:

Contaminated	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA.
land ³⁷	
land	means land that has a hazardous substance in or on it that—
	means land that has a hazar dous substance in or on it that—
	a. has significant adverse effects on the environment; or
	b. is reasonably likely to have significant adverse effects on the environment.
Hazardous	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA:
Substance ³⁸	
	Includes, but is not limited to, any substance defined in section 2 of the
	······································
	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 as a hazardous substance.
	The Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 defines hazardous
	substances as meaning, unless expressly provided otherwise by regulations or an
	EPA notice, any substance—
	a. with 1 or more of the following intrinsic properties:
	· · ·
	i. explosiveness:
	<u>ii. flammability:</u>
L	1

 ³⁷ Adopted from the National Planning Standards
 ³⁸ Adopted from the National Planning Standards

	<u>iii. a capacity to oxidise:</u>
	iv. corrosiveness:
	v. toxicity (including chronic toxicity):
	vi. ecotoxicity, with or without bioaccumulation; or
	b. which on contact with air or water (other than air or water where the
	temperature or pressure has been artificially increased or decreased) generates
	a substance with any 1 or more of the properties specified in paragraph (a).
Radioactive	Means any material that spontaneously emits ionising radiation, including any
<u>material</u> ³⁹	naturally occurring radioactive material or any nuclear material.
Hazardous	Means activities involving hazardous substances and premises at which these
Facility ⁴⁰	substances are used, stored or disposed of. Storage includes vehicles for their
	transport located at a facility for more than short periods of time and excludes:
	 <u>fuel stored in mobile plants, motor vheicles, boats and small engines;</u> <u>the incidential use and storage of hazardous substances in domestic scale quantities;</u> <u>activities involving sub-classes 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 6.1D, 6.1E, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 9.1D, 9.2D and 9.3.</u>
Hazard ⁴¹	Means in the context of hazardous substances, physical situations, processes and
	action in relation to a hazardous substance that has the potential for adverse
	effects on people, ecosystems or the built in environment.
Cumulative	Means in the context of hazardous substances, the risk posed by a hazardous
Risk ⁴²	facility added to or multiplied, or otherwise accumulated by risk from other
	hazardous facilities in the vicinity where risks of one facility can influence the risk
	<u>of the other.</u>
Storage	Means in the context of hazardous substances or hazardous waste, the
	containment of a hazardous substance or hazardous waste, either above ground
	or underground, in enclosed packages, containers or tanks. It includes vehicles
	used to transport any hazardous substance that are stationary within a
	hazardous facility for more than short periods of time.

 ³⁹ Consequential amendment resulting from adoption of National Planning Standards
 ⁴⁰ Submissions [578.48]Ports of Auckland, [680.139] Federated Farmers of New Zealand
 ⁴¹ Submission [749.49] Housing New Zealand Corporation
 ⁴² Submission [695.62] from Sharp Planning Solutions Ltd

Use	Means in the context of a hazardous substance, the manufacturing, processing or
	handling of a hazardous substance for a particular activity without necessarily
	changing the physical state or chemical structure of the hazardous substance
	involved. This includes mixing, blending and packaging operations, or the use of
	a hazardous substance as a cooling or heating medium. It does not include the
	filling or drawing of a hazardous substance from bulk storage tanks unless the
	processing is permanently connected to the bulk storage, and does not include
	loading out and dispensing of petroleum products.

10.6 Appendix 5: Hazardous Substances

The following changes are recommended to be made to Appendix 5 (Chapter 29 of the District Plan):

HSNO Class and Sub-Class (aggregate	Zone	Zone	Zone
quantities)	17. Business	22. Rural	16. Residential
	18. Business Town Centre	25. Reserve	23. Country Living
	19. Business Tamahere		24. Village 28. Rangitahi
	20. Industrial		Peninsula
	21. Heavy Industrial		
	26. Hampton Downs Motor Sport and Recreation		
	27. Te Kowhai Airpark		
	<u>22. Specific Area -</u> Agricultural Research <u>Centre Campus</u>		
Explosive Class I m ³)	Maxi	mum quantity (meas	ured in tonnes or
Sub-class I.I	0.05	0.02	0

Sub-class 1.2	0.5	0.2	0
Sub-class 1.3	1.5	0.5	0
Sub-class 1.2 and 1.3 when stored with sub-class 1.1	0.05	0.02	0

Flammable gas/aerosol Class 2

Maximum quantity (measured in tonnes or

	- `
m	3)

Sub-class 2.1 (all)	I (2,000m³)	0.5 (1,000m³)	0.2 (40m³)
Sub-class 2.1 within 50m of a more sensitive zone	0.2 (400m³)	0. I (200m³)	n/a
LPG	3	1.5	0.1
LPG within 50m of a more sensitive zone	I	0.5	n/a

Non-hazardous gases Maximum quantity (measured in tonnes or m³)

All non-hazardous gases.	5 (10,000m³)	2 (4,000m³)	0.1 (200m³)
compressed or liquefied			

Flammable liquids Class 3

Maximum quantity (measured in tonnes or

m3)

Sub-class 3.1A and 3.1B	6	2	0.1
Sub-class 3.1A and 3.1B within 50m of a more sensitive zone	2	0.6	n/a
Sub-class 3.1C	20	6	0.3
Sub-class 3.1D	60	20	I

Sub-class 3.2 (all)	3	I	0.05	
Flammable solids Class 4 Maximum quantity (measured in tonnes or m ³)				
Sub-class 5.1.1 (all)	3	1.5	0.05	
Sub-class 4.2 (all)	Ι	0.4	0.02	
Sub-class 4.3 (all)	Ι	0.4	0.02	
Oxidising capacity Class 5 Maximum quantity (measured in tonnes or m ³)				
Sub-class 5.1.1 (all)	3	1.5	0.05	
Sub-class 5.1.2 Gases	1,000m³	400m ³	40m³	
Sub-class 5.2 (all)	I	0.5	0.02	
Toxic Class 6 m ³)				
Sub-class 6.1 Gases	300m³	100m³	0	
Sub-class 6.1A	0.5	0.2	0	
Sub-class 6.1A within 50m of a more sensitive zone	0.2	0.1	n/a	
Subclass 6.1B	6	2	0.05	
Sub-class 6.1B within 50m of a more sensitive zone	2	I	n/a	
Sub-class 6.1C and 6.6-6.9	20	6	0.3	

Sub-class 6.1C and 6.6-6.9 within 50m of a more sensitive zone	6	2	n/a
Corrosive Class 8 m ³)	Max	imum quantity (meas	sured in tonnes or
Sub-class 8.1, 8.2A and 8.3	6	2	0.05
Sub-class 8.2B and 8.2C	20	10	0.3
Eco-toxic Class 9 Maximum quantity (measured in tonnom) m ³)			sured in tonnes or
Sub-class 9.1A, 9.2A and 9.4A	0.5	0.5	0.5
Sub-class 9.1A, 9.2A and 9.4A within > or < = 30m of a watercourse	0.1	0.1	0.1
Sub-class 9.1B, 9.2B and 9.4B	10	10	10
Sub-class 9.1B, 9.2B, and 9.4B within > or < = 30m of a watercourse	3	3	3
Sub-class 9.1C, 9.2C, and 9.4C	30	30	30
Sub-class 9.1C, 9.2C and 9.4C within > or < = 30m of a watercourse	10	10	10
High Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD _s)(>10,000 mg/l)			
High Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD _s)(>10,000 mg/l) <30m of a watercourse	100	40	20

High Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD ₅)(>10,000 mg/l) >30m of a	40	20	20
watercourse			

Rule I:

For the purpose of the table, a hazardous substance shall have the class and sub-class given by the Environmental Protection Authority when approving the importation and manufacture of that substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996. Use, storage and disposal of hazardous substance sub-classes 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 6.1D, 6.1E, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 9.1D, 9.2D, and 9.3 are exempt from this table.

Rule 2:

Quantities are given in t (tonnes), except all permanent or compressed gases, which are measured in m^3 (cubic metres) at standard temperature and pressure (20°C and 101.3 kPa).

Rule 3:

The tables specify the total quantities of hazardous substances for each hazard classification (aggregates). That is 0.5 tonnes of one Class 5.1 substance + 0.25 tonnes of another Class 5.1 substance = 0.75 tonnes of Class 5.1 This 0.75 tonnes is the amount to use to assess whether consent is required.

Rule 4:

Many substances have more than one hazardous property. The activity status must be determined for each hazard classification and the most onerous activity status shall apply. For example, petrol is classified as a highly flammable liquid (3.1A), toxic (6.1E - not included in this table), mildly irritating to skin (6.3B - not included in this table), a suspected human carcinogen (6.7B) and eco-toxic to the aquatic environment (9.1B). The flammability determines the activity status in this case.

Rule 5:

'n/a' means: not applicable; 'all' means all categories in each hazard sub-class.

Assessment Criteria43

When assessing discretionary applications, the assessment shall include (but is not limited to):

- a. <u>How the hazardous facility is located on the site, taking into account separation from</u> <u>boundaries and other more sensitive land uses;</u>
- b. How the design and proposed management contributes to the minimisation of adverse effects on the environment;

⁴³ Submission [697.320] Waikato District Council

- c. <u>The individual risks of the hazardous facility and cumulative risks with other hazardous</u> <u>facilities in the vicinity, as relevant;</u>
- d. <u>The actual and potential adverse effects associated with the transport of a hazardous</u> <u>substance on road infrastructure or on sensitive land uses along transport routes, if this</u> <u>is a significant aspect of the facility;</u>
- e. <u>Consideration of the risks posed by the occurrence of identified natural hazard events in</u> the area to the hazardous facility;
- f. The degree of social, cultural or economic benefits the facility and its associated storage, use or disposal of hazardous substances will have locally;
- g. Whether an assessment of the risks has been provided which contains a level of detail which corresponds to the scale and nature of the facility proposed and the hazardous substances involved. An assessment may need to include the following considerations:
 - (i) the sensitivity of the receiving environment to any risks;
 - (ii) risk identification (inherent risk) and assessment, and risk management response (residual risk);
 - (iii) practicable alternative method of management that would present less risk;
 - (iv) how the proposal minimises or mitigates cumulative adverse effects with respect to other hazardous facilities in the area;
 - (v) proposed emergency management equipment and plans and the adequacy of overall emergency response capability.

Note: a risk assessment should correspond to the scale and significance of the activity and its risks. A quantitative risk assessment may be required for major hazardous facilities where the risk contributors may be significant or complex. A risk assessment should be undertaken by a suitably qualified and experienced professional.